THE APOLLO UNIVERSITY

Saketa, Chittoor, AP

AHS- IV Semester End Examination, June, 2024 PAPER -I – MLTT 2504 - SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

Section –A (10x2=20 marks) Answer all Questions with Short Answers

- 1. Write the cultural characteristics of Staphylococcus aureus.
- 2. Explain MRSA.
- 3. Write a note on Faucial diphtheria.
- 4. List the components of Anthrax toxin.
- 5. Write any four important features exhibited by Vibrio Cholera
- 6. List any four virulence factors of Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
- 7. What is Congenital Syphilis?
- 8. Define Actinomycosis.
- 9. What is the causative agent of whooping cough? Describe its pathogenesis
- 10. Write a note on Prophylaxis of Brucellosis.

Section –B (5X8=40 marks) Answer all Questions either A or B in 400 words each

11. A) Describe the classification, morphology, cultural characteristics, and biochemical reactions of *Staphylococcus aureus*.

OR

- B) Describe the morphology, cultural and colony characteristics, and biochemical reactions of *Neisseria gonorrhoea*.
- 12. A) Classify Escherichia Coli. Write a note on its Virulence factor responsible for causing the infection.

OR

B) Discuss the predisposing factors, pathogenesis, and clinical features of *Escherichia coli*. Write a note on the laboratory diagnosis of urinary tract infection.

13. A) What are the salient features of Vibrio cholera? Describe the morphology and Pathophysiology of Cholera disease.

OR

- B) Discuss the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis.
- 14. A) What are the general characteristics of *Treponema*. *Pallidum*? Describe the virulence factors, pathogenesis, and clinical features of Syphilis.

OR

- B) What are the diseases caused by *Rickettsiaceae*? Briefly describe their pathogenesis, sequence of events and clinical features. Write a note on Weil Felix test.
- 15. A) Explain the Morphology, virulence factor, pathogenesis, and clinical features of *Bordetella pertussis*.

OR

B) Describe the laboratory diagnosis, treatment, prevention, and control of *Legionella pneumophilia*.
